



President's Report to Shareholders – First Quarter 2013

We are pleased to report that the Company has maintained record revenue for the second quarter in a row. During the quarter, the Company had revenue of \$237.6 million, up 45% from the \$164.2 million recorded in Q1 last year, and up slightly from the previous record of \$237.2 million recorded in Q4 of 2012. Net earnings were also a record \$31.9 million, or \$0.40 per share, up 78% from the \$17.9 million, or \$0.25 per share, recorded last year. Quarterly EBITDA increased 68% to \$60.1 million for the quarter, as compared to \$35.7 million last year. The overall gross margin percentage for the quarter was 34.2% as compared to 31.4% for the same period last year. Margins in this quarter improved mainly due to our efforts on training and recruitment, which have allowed us to increase the number of shifts and productivity in the field.

Net capital expenditures for the quarter were \$23.4 million as we purchased 24 rigs while retiring 10 through our modernization program. During the quarter we also added a significant number of support vehicles and other support equipment to meet changing patterns of demand and to ensure that we continue to meet the highest levels of safety standards. These additions should continue to improve rig utilization and reliability as we focus on increasing the earning power of each crew and each rig.

Looking forward, the demand for drilling services from the senior and intermediate mining houses continues. Revenue from these clients increased in the last quarter to just over \$175 million compared to \$102 million in the same quarter last year. Our customers remain committed to the large majority of their projects in order to replace their reserves. Senior miners will represent a greater proportion of our drilling projects going forward as junior miners become more and more cautious in their spending, given the difficulty in accessing capital.

Overall, we expect demand for specialized drilling to continue in the year ahead. At the end of July, specialized drilling represented 76% of

our revenue, and nearly half of our projects were drilling for gold. While we are optimistic that our senior customers will continue with the majority of their projects, we anticipate that overall drilling activities will decline somewhat over the next six months. In anticipation of a slight decrease in our activity levels, we have reduced our capital expenditure budget for fiscal 2013 to \$70 million, down from the \$100 million previously announced. Because of our ongoing need to be able to respond to demand for specialized services, and the need to continue to modernize our fleet, we currently have 15 additional rigs on order.

Most of our senior and intermediate customers are in a much better financial position than three years ago and while the difficulties experienced by juniors have moderated our growth plans over the short-term, it provides a strong upside potential when their exploration activities pick up, as they must, if the mining industry is to provide the world with the resources it needs toward the end of the decade. In addition, the price of gold is almost double what it was in 2008, the price of copper remains relatively high by historical standards, and both are well above average costs of production. In order to keep our competitive edge through this period, we continue to aggressively and successfully invest in the recruitment and training of new drillers.

Given the Company's continuing ability to generate significant cash, and our minimal debt levels, we have determined that it is appropriate to increase our semi-annual dividend to \$0.10 per common share, which will be paid on November 1, 2012 to shareholders of record as of October 10, 2012. This dividend is designated as an "eligible dividend" for Canadian tax purposes.

As always, we value the continued support of our customers, employees, and shareholders.

Francis P. McGuire
President & CEO

MAJOR

Partners on the Ground

Management's Discussion and Analysis

First Quarter Fiscal 2013

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

FIRST QUARTER FISCAL 2013

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") relates to the results of operations, financial condition and cash flows of Major Drilling Group International Inc. ("Major Drilling" or the "Company") as at and for the three-month period ended July 31, 2012. All amounts in this MD&A are in Canadian dollars, except where otherwise noted. These quarterly unaudited interim financial statements were prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

This MD&A is a review of activities and results for the quarter ended July 31, 2012 as compared to the corresponding period in the previous year. Comments relate to, and should be read in conjunction with, the comparative unaudited consolidated interim financial statements as at and for the three months ended July 31, 2012, and also in conjunction with the audited consolidated financial statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis contained in the Company's annual report for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012.

This MD&A is dated August 31, 2012. Disclosure contained in this document is current to that date, unless otherwise stated.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This MD&A contains forward-looking statements about the Company's objectives, strategies, financial condition, results of operations, cash flows and businesses. These statements are "forward-looking" because they are based on current expectations, estimates, assumptions, risks and uncertainties. These forward-looking statements are typically identified by future or conditional verbs such as "outlook", "believe", "anticipate", "estimate", "project", "expect", "intend", "plan", and terms and expressions of similar import.

Such forward-looking statements are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties which include, but are not limited to: cyclical downturn, competitive pressures, dealing with business and political systems in a variety of jurisdictions, repatriation of property in other jurisdictions, payment of taxes in various jurisdictions, exposure to currency movements, inadequate or failed internal processes, people or systems or from external events, dependence on key customers, safety performance, expansion and acquisition strategy, legal and regulatory risk, extreme weather conditions and the impact of natural or other disasters, specialized skills and cost of labour increases, equipment and parts availability and reputational risk. These factors and other risk factors, as described under "General Risks and Uncertainties" of the Company's Annual Information Form, represent risks the Company believes are material. Actual results could be materially different from expectations if known or unknown risks affect the business, or if estimates or assumptions turn out to be inaccurate. The Company does not guarantee that any forward-looking statement will materialize and, accordingly, the reader is cautioned not to place reliance on these forward-looking statements.

The Company disclaims any intention and assumes no obligation to update any forward-looking statement, even if new information becomes available, as a result of future events or for any other reasons, except in accordance with applicable securities laws. Risks that could cause the Company's actual results to materially differ from its current expectations are also discussed in this MD&A.

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's Annual Information Form for the most recently completed financial year, can be found on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com.

CORPORATE OVERVIEW

Major Drilling Group International Inc. is one of the world's largest drilling service companies primarily serving the mining industry. To support its customers' varied exploration drilling requirements, Major Drilling maintains field operations and offices in Canada, the United States, South and Central America, Australia, Asia, and Africa. Major Drilling provides all types of drilling services including surface and underground coring, directional, reverse circulation, sonic, geotechnical, environmental, water-well, coal-bed methane and shallow gas.

BUSINESS STRATEGY

Major Drilling continues to base its business premise on the following: mining companies continue to deplete the more easily accessible mineral reserves around the world and attractive deposits will be in increasingly remote locations, areas difficult to access and/or deep in the ground. For this reason, Major Drilling's strategy is to focus its services on projects that have these characteristics, calling these services "specialized drilling". Over the years, the Company has positioned itself as one of the largest specialized operators in the world by leveraging its main competitive advantages: skilled personnel, specialized equipment, long-standing relationships with the world's largest mining companies and access to capital.

Although the Company's main focus remains specialized services, it also intends to continue to modernize its conventional fleet and expand its footprint in strategic areas while maintaining prudent debt levels and remaining best in class in safety and human resources. The Company will also seek to diversify by investing in energy and environmental drilling services that are complementary to its skill set.

The Company categorizes its mineral drilling services into three types: specialized drilling, conventional drilling and underground drilling.

Specialized drilling can be defined as any drilling project that, by virtue of its scope, technical complexity or location, creates significant barriers to entry for smaller drilling companies. This would include, for example, deep-hole drilling, directional drilling, and mobilizations to remote locations or high altitudes. Because significant ore bodies are getting more difficult to find, the Company expects specialized drilling services to continue to fuel future growth, and over the next two decades, the Company believes these skills will be in greater and greater demand.

Conventional drilling tends to be more affected by the industry cycle as the barriers to entry are not as significant as with specialized drilling. This part of the industry is highly fragmented and has numerous competitors. Because the Company offers only limited differentiation in this sector, it is not its priority for investment.

Underground drilling takes on greater importance in the latter stages of the mining cycle as clients develop underground mines.

INDUSTRY OVERVIEW

The metals and minerals drilling industry is reliant primarily on demand from two metal groups, gold on the one hand and base metals on the other. Each commodity group is influenced by distinct market forces.

Several years ago, high commodity prices drove the industry to record levels of activity, with worldwide mineral exploration expenditures in calendar 2008 surpassing US\$14 billion. During the recession, which began in calendar 2009, drilling was significantly impacted, particularly on base metal projects, with worldwide mineral exploration expenditures that year falling to US\$8 billion. Most senior and intermediate base metal companies were leveraged and reduced their exploration spending in calendar 2009, in order to conserve cash. Many gold producers delayed exploration plans at that time due to the uncertainty in the economy.

In calendar 2011, senior mining companies announced significant increases in exploration budgets as they had an urgent need to replenish their diminishing reserves in light of their lack of exploration in 2009 and 2010. Also, in calendar 2011 there was a significant increase in financing of junior mining companies particularly in the first half of the year. All of this combined for a record year in exploration with Metals Economics Group ("MEG") estimating that total global expenditures for non-ferrous metals exploration was a record US\$18.2 billion.

With the current volatility in the financial markets, many junior mining companies are experiencing financing difficulties and slowing down their exploration efforts. However, at the present time, most senior and intermediate mining companies remain committed to the large majority of their projects in order to replace their reserves. For the most part, these mining companies are in a much better financial position than three years ago. In addition, the price of gold is almost double what it was in 2008, the price of copper remains relatively high by historical standards, and both are well above average costs of production.

In the longer-term, the fundamental drivers of the business remain positive, with worldwide supply for most metals expected to tighten and higher demand coming from the emergence of the BRIC (Brazil, Russia, India and China) countries over the last 10 years. The prospects for gold related drilling, which generally accounts for approximately 50% of the drilling market, also remains positive.

One of the realities of the mining industry is that future mineral deposits will have to come from areas difficult to access, either in remote or politically sensitive areas, deeper in the ground or at higher altitudes. This should improve demand for specialized services in the future.

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

In this quarter, the Company maintained record quarterly results. Revenue increased by 45% during the quarter to \$238 million as demand from senior and intermediate companies continued. Drilling for gold remained the most important contributor, accounting for 47% of revenue while drilling for copper accounted for 18% of revenue.

Margins in this quarter improved to 34.2% from 31.4% in the first quarter of fiscal 2012, mainly due to new pricing on contracts that were signed or renewed for this calendar year reflecting the current stronger pricing environment, and the Company's efforts on training and recruitment, which has allowed the Company to increase the number of shifts and productivity in the field this quarter.

Net earnings were at a record of \$31.9 million or \$0.40 per share (\$0.40 per share diluted) for the quarter, compared to \$17.9 million or \$0.25 per share (\$0.25 per share diluted) for the prior year quarter.

Given the Company's continuing ability to generate significant cash, it has determined that it is appropriate to increase its semi-annual dividend to \$0.10 per common share, which will be paid on November 1, 2012 to shareholders of record as of October 10, 2012. This dividend is designated as an "eligible dividend" for Canadian tax purposes.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS – FIRST QUARTER ENDED JULY 31, 2012

Total revenue for the quarter was \$237.6 million, up 45% from the \$164.2 million recorded in the same quarter last year. Most of the Company's regions contributed to this growth. The favourable foreign exchange translation impact for the quarter, when comparing to the effective rates for the same period last year, is estimated at \$5 million on revenue.

Revenue for the quarter from Canada-U.S. drilling operations increased by 84% to \$112.8 million compared to the same period last year. In Canada, operations from the Bradley acquisition accounted for approximately half of the increase and the pre-existing Canadian operations also saw increased activity levels. Our U.S. operations also continued its growth.

South and Central American revenue was up 35% to \$69.4 million for the quarter, compared to the prior year quarter. This increase was driven by stronger activity levels in Mexico, Chile and Argentina, combined with additional contracts in Colombia and Suriname from the Bradley acquisition.

Australian, Asian and African operations reported revenue of \$55.3 million, up 8% from the same period last year. The increase came mainly from African operations in Burkina Faso, the DRC and Mozambique, which mitigated a decrease in activity levels in Mongolia and Australia.

The overall gross margin percentage for the quarter was 34.2%, up from 31.4% for the same period last year. New pricing on contracts that were signed or renewed for this calendar year reflected the current stronger pricing

environment. Also, our training and recruitment efforts allowed the Company to increase the number of shifts and productivity in the field during the quarter.

General and administrative costs were \$17.3 million for the quarter compared to \$12.3 million in the same period last year. The increase was mainly due to the acquisition of Bradley and the addition of new operations in Burkina Faso. Increased costs to support the strong growth in activity levels accounted for the rest.

Other expenses for the quarter were \$5.3 million, up from \$2.6 million in the prior year quarter, due primarily to higher incentive compensation expenses given the Company's increased profitability.

Amortization expense increased to \$13.2 million for the quarter compared to \$8.6 million for the same quarter last year. Most of the increase relates to the acquisition of Bradley, including the amortization of intangible assets. Investments in equipment over the last year account for the rest of the increase.

Net earnings were \$31.9 million or \$0.40 per share (\$0.40 per share diluted) for the quarter, compared to net earnings of \$17.9 million or \$0.25 per share (\$0.25 per share diluted) for the prior year quarter.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

(in \$000 CAD, except per share)	Fiscal 2011			Fiscal 2012				Fiscal 2013
	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1
Revenue	\$ 127,818	\$ 107,720	\$ 137,258	\$ 164,152	\$ 213,854	\$ 182,188	\$ 237,238	\$ 237,565
Gross profit	35,101	23,873	34,913	51,499	74,055	47,120	78,452	81,278
Gross margin	27.5%	22.2%	25.4%	31.4%	34.6%	25.9%	33.1%	34.2%
Net earnings	11,321	1,671	9,466	17,892	31,560	9,566	30,731	31,875
Per share - basic	0.16	0.02	0.13	0.25	0.43	0.12	0.39	0.40
Per share - diluted	0.16	0.02	0.13	0.25	0.42	0.12	0.38	0.40

With the exception of the third quarter, the Company exhibits comparatively less seasonality in quarterly revenue than in the past. The third quarter (November to January) is normally the Company's weakest quarter due to the shutdown of mining and exploration activities, often for extended periods over the holiday season, particularly in South and Central America.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Operating Activities

Cash flow from operations (before changes in non-cash operating working capital items, interest and income taxes) was \$60.8 million for the quarter compared to \$36.8 million generated in the same period last year.

The change in non-cash operating working capital items was an outflow of \$19.7 million for the quarter compared to an outflow of \$8.8 million for the same period last year. The outflow in non-cash operating working capital in the quarter ended July 31, 2012 was primarily impacted by:

- An increase in inventory of \$1.3 million as the Company was adding more rigs in the field;
- An increase in prepaid expenses of \$4.2 million; and
- A decrease in accounts payable, excluding the payment of dividend, of \$14.1 million.

Financing Activities

Under the terms of certain of the Company's debt agreements, the Company must satisfy certain financial covenants. Such agreements also limit, among other things, the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, create liens, engage in mergers or acquisitions and make dividend and other payments. During the period, the Company was, and continues to be, in compliance with all covenants and other conditions imposed by its debt agreements.

Operating Credit Facilities

The credit facilities related to operations total \$28.0 million (\$25.0 million from a Canadian chartered bank and \$3.0 million in various credit facilities) and are primarily secured by corporate guarantees of companies within the group. At July 31, 2012, the Company had utilized \$2.4 million of these lines for stand-by letters of credit. The Company also has a credit facility of \$3.8 million for credit cards for which interest rate and repayment are as per cardholder agreements.

Long-Term Debt

Total long-term debt decreased by \$1.4 million during the quarter to \$49.6 million at July 31, 2012. Debt repayments were \$1.6 million during the quarter.

As of July 31, 2012, the Company had the following long-term debt facilities:

- \$20.8 million non-revolving facility for financing the acquisition of Bradley Group. This facility is amortized over five years ending in September 2016.
- \$50.0 million revolving facility for financing the cost of equipment purchases or acquisition costs of related businesses. At July 31, 2012, the Company had utilized \$11.2 million of this line. Draws on this line are due on maturity in September 2016.
- \$9.1 million non-revolving facility. This facility carries a fixed interest rate of 5.9% and is amortized over ten years ending in August 2021.
- \$8.0 million note payable, carrying interest at a fixed rate of 4% repayable over three years ending in September 2014.
- The Company also has various other loans and capital lease facilities related to equipment purchases that totaled \$0.4 million at July 31, 2012, which were fully drawn and mature through 2016.

The Company believes that it will be able to generate sufficient cash flow to meet its current and future working capital, capital expenditure, dividend and debt obligations. As at July 31, 2012, the Company had unused borrowing capacity under its credit facilities of \$64.3 million and cash of \$36.7 million, for a total of \$101.0 million in available funds.

Investing Activities

Capital expenditures were \$23.4 million for the quarter ended July 31, 2012 compared to \$21.4 million for the same period last year.

During the quarter, the Company added 24 drill rigs through its capital expenditure program while retiring or disposing of 10 drill rigs through its modernization program. This brings the total drill rig count to 739 at quarter-end.

In anticipation of a slight decrease of activity levels, the Company's capital expenditure budget has been reduced for fiscal 2013 to \$70 million, down from the \$100 million previously announced. Because the Company needs to be

able to respond to demand for specialized services, and to continue to modernize its fleet, there are currently 15 additional rigs on order. The Company also intends to add support vehicles and equipment to the operations to meet the changing patterns of demand and its continually rising safety standards. These additions should improve rig utilization and reliability as the Company focuses on increasing the earning power of each crew and each rig.

OUTLOOK

Looking forward, the demand for drilling services from the senior and intermediate mining houses continues. Revenue from these clients increased in the last quarter to just over \$175 million compared to \$102 million in the same quarter last year. Customers remain committed to the large majority of their projects in order to replace their reserves. Senior miners will represent a greater proportion of drilling projects going forward as junior miners become more and more cautious in their spending, given the difficulty in accessing capital.

Overall, it is expected that demand for specialized drilling should continue in the year ahead. While the Company is optimistic that its senior customers will continue with the majority of their projects, it is anticipated that overall drilling activities will decline somewhat over the next six months.

Most senior and intermediate customers are in a much better financial position than three years ago and while the difficulties experienced by juniors have moderated the Company's growth plans over the short-term, it provides a strong upside potential when their exploration activities pick up, as they must, if the mining industry is to provide the world with the resources it needs toward the end of the decade. In addition, the price of gold is almost double what it was in 2008, the price of copper remains relatively high by historical standards, and both are well above average costs of production. In order to keep its competitive edge through this period, the Company continues to aggressively and successfully invest in the recruitment and training of new drillers.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE

Year-over-year revenue comparisons continue to be affected by the variations of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar. The favourable impact of U.S. dollar exchange translation, for the quarter, when comparing to the effective rates for the same period last year, is estimated at \$5 million on revenue but negligible on net earnings.

COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS

The consolidated statements of other comprehensive earnings for the quarter include \$7.7 million in unrealized gains on translating the financial statements of the Company's foreign operations compared to a gain of \$1.8 million for the same period last year. The change relates to translating the net assets of the Company's foreign operations, which have a functional currency other than the Canadian dollar, to the Company's Canadian dollar currency presentation.

GENERAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

A complete discussion of general risks and uncertainties may be found in the Company's Annual Information Form for the fiscal year ended April 30, 2012, which can be found on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com. The Company is not aware of any significant changes to risk factors from those disclosed at that time.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

Except for operating leases discussed in the annual MD&A for the year ended April 30, 2012, where there were no significant changes, the Company does not have any other off balance sheet arrangements.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Effective September 30, 2011, the Company completed the acquisition of the Bradley group of companies. The results of Bradley's operations have been included in these financial statements since the date of acquisition. However, the Company has not had sufficient time to appropriately review the internal controls used by Bradley. The Company is in the process of integrating the Bradley operation and will be expanding its disclosure controls and

procedures and internal controls over financial reporting compliance program to include the Bradley group of companies over the next year. As a result, the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have limited the scope of design of disclosure controls and procedures and testing of internal controls over financial reporting to exclude Bradley controls, policies and procedures from the July 31, 2012 certification of internal controls.

Other than restrictions mentioned above, there have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting during the period beginning on May 1, 2012 and ended on July 31, 2012 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, its internal controls over financial reporting.

OUTSTANDING SHARE DATA

As of August 31, 2012, there were 79,147,378 common shares issued and outstanding in the Company. This is the same number as reported in our annual MD&A (reported as of June 8, 2012).

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Additional information relating to the Company, including the Company's Annual Information Form, is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

Major Drilling Group International Inc.
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations
(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share information)
(unaudited)

	Three months ended July 31	
	2012	2011
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 237,565	\$ 164,152
DIRECT COSTS	156,287	112,653
GROSS PROFIT	81,278	51,499
OPERATING EXPENSES		
General and administrative	17,299	12,318
Other expenses	5,270	2,603
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	8	600
Foreign exchange (gain) loss	(1,369)	321
Finance costs	738	822
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	12,122	8,395
Amortization of intangible assets	1,065	185
	35,133	25,244
EARNINGS BEFORE INCOME TAX	46,145	26,255
INCOME TAX - PROVISION (note 7)		
Current	13,509	5,984
Deferred	761	2,379
	14,270	8,363
NET EARNINGS	\$ 31,875	\$ 17,892
EARNINGS PER SHARE (note 8)		
Basic	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.25
Diluted	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.25

Major Drilling Group International Inc.
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)
(unaudited)

	Three months ended July 31	
	2012	2011
NET EARNINGS	\$ 31,875	\$ 17,892
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (LOSS)		
Unrealized gains on foreign currency translations (net of tax)	7,651	1,809
Unrealized loss on interest swap (net of tax)	<u>(144)</u>	<u>-</u>
COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS	<u>\$ 39,382</u>	<u>\$ 19,701</u>

Major Drilling Group International Inc.
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity

For the three months ended July 31, 2011 and 2012

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

(unaudited)

	<u>Share capital</u>	<u>Reserves</u>	<u>Share-based payments reserve</u>	<u>Retained earnings</u>	<u>Foreign currency translation reserve</u>	<u>Total</u>
BALANCE AS AT MAY 1, 2011	\$ 150,642	\$ -	\$ 10,280	\$ 170,425	\$ (3,662)	\$ 327,685
Share-based payments reserve	-	-	554	-	-	554
	<u>150,642</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,834</u>	<u>170,425</u>	<u>(3,662)</u>	<u>328,239</u>
Comprehensive earnings:						
Net earnings	-	-	-	17,892	-	17,892
Unrealized gains on foreign currency translations	-	-	-	-	1,809	1,809
Total comprehensive earnings	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>17,892</u>	<u>1,809</u>	<u>19,701</u>
BALANCE AS AT JULY 31, 2011	<u>\$ 150,642</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 10,834</u>	<u>\$ 188,317</u>	<u>\$ (1,853)</u>	<u>\$ 347,940</u>
BALANCE AS AT MAY 1, 2012	\$ 230,763	\$ 121	\$ 11,797	\$ 246,809	\$ (1,791)	\$ 487,699
Share-based payments reserve	(93)	-	860	-	-	767
	<u>230,670</u>	<u>121</u>	<u>12,657</u>	<u>246,809</u>	<u>(1,791)</u>	<u>488,466</u>
Comprehensive earnings (loss):						
Net earnings	-	-	-	31,875	-	31,875
Unrealized loss on interest swap	-	(144)	-	-	-	(144)
Unrealized gains on foreign currency translations	-	-	-	-	7,651	7,651
Total comprehensive earnings (loss)	<u>-</u>	<u>(144)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>31,875</u>	<u>7,651</u>	<u>39,382</u>
BALANCE AS AT JULY 31, 2012	<u>\$ 230,670</u>	<u>\$ (23)</u>	<u>\$ 12,657</u>	<u>\$ 278,684</u>	<u>\$ 5,860</u>	<u>\$ 527,848</u>

Major Drilling Group International Inc.
Interim Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)
(unaudited)

	Three months ended July 31	
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Earnings before income tax	\$ 46,145	\$ 26,255
Operating items not involving cash		
Depreciation and amortization	13,187	8,580
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment	8	600
Share-based payments reserve	767	554
Finance costs recognized in earnings before income tax	738	822
	<u>60,845</u>	<u>36,811</u>
Changes in non-cash operating working capital items	(19,695)	(8,833)
Finance costs paid	(735)	(822)
Income taxes paid	(7,889)	(5,013)
Cash flow from operating activities	<u>32,526</u>	<u>22,143</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Repayment of long-term debt	(1,564)	(2,190)
Proceeds from long-term debt	-	10,000
Dividends paid	(7,123)	(5,283)
Cash flow (used in) from financing activities	<u>(8,687)</u>	<u>2,527</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Payment of consideration for previous business acquisition	(813)	-
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment (note 6)	(23,401)	(21,410)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	268	684
Cash flow used in investing activities	<u>(23,946)</u>	<u>(20,726)</u>
Effect of exchange rate changes	(395)	(367)
(DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH	(502)	3,577
CASH, BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	<u>37,237</u>	<u>16,215</u>
CASH, END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 36,735</u>	<u>\$ 19,792</u>

Major Drilling Group International Inc.
Interim Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets

As at July 31, 2012 and April 30, 2012

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

(unaudited)

	July 31, 2012	April 30, 2012
ASSETS		
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 36,735	\$ 37,237
Trade and other receivables	161,798	159,770
Income tax receivable	4,841	3,314
Inventories	98,752	95,905
Prepaid expenses	11,792	7,476
	313,918	303,702
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT	334,586	318,171
DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS	2,630	2,859
GOODWILL	55,366	54,946
INTANGIBLE ASSETS	5,249	6,295
	\$ 711,749	\$ 685,973
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Trade and other payables	\$ 95,096	\$ 115,805
Income tax payable	10,330	3,142
Current portion of long-term debt	8,675	8,712
	114,101	127,659
CONTINGENT CONSIDERATION	2,159	2,760
LONG-TERM DEBT	40,890	42,274
DEFERRED INCOME TAX LIABILITIES	26,751	25,581
	183,901	198,274
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital	230,670	230,763
Reserves	(23)	121
Share-based payments reserve	12,657	11,797
Retained earnings	278,684	246,809
Foreign currency translation reserve	5,860	(1,791)
	527,848	487,699
	\$ 711,749	\$ 685,973

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE THREE MONTHS ENDED JULY 31, 2012 AND 2011 (UNAUDITED)
(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share information)

1. NATURE OF ACTIVITIES

Major Drilling Group International Inc. (“the Company”) is incorporated under the Canada Business Corporations Act and has its head office at 111 St. George Street, Suite 100, Moncton, NB, Canada. The Company’s common shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange (“TSX”). The principal source of revenue consists of contract drilling for companies primarily involved in mining and mineral exploration. The Company has operations in Canada, the United States, South and Central America, Australia, Asia and Africa.

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Statement of compliance

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting (“IAS 34”) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) and using the accounting policies as outlined in the annual notes to consolidated financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2012.

Basis of consolidation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and entities controlled by the Company. Control is achieved where the Company has the power to govern the financial and operating policies of an investee entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities.

The results of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of during the period are included in the consolidated statement of operations from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate.

Intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation, where appropriate.

Basis of preparation

These interim condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on the historical cost basis except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair value, using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as presented in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2012.

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3. FUTURE ACCOUNTING CHANGES

The Company has not applied the following new and revised IFRSs that have been issued but are not yet effective:

IFRS 7 (as amended in 2011) Financial Instruments: Disclosures
IFRS 9 (as amended in 2010) Financial Instruments
IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements
IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements
IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities
IFRS 13 Fair Value Measurement
IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements
IAS 12 (amended) Income Taxes – recovery of underlying assets
IAS 19 Employee Benefits
IAS 27 (reissued) Separate Financial Statements
IAS 28 (reissued) Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures
IAS 32 (amended) Financial Instruments: Presentation

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of applying these standards to its consolidated financial statements.

4. KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY AND CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to the useful lives of property, plant and equipment for amortization purposes, property, plant and equipment and inventory valuation, determination of income and other taxes, assumptions used in compilation of share-based payments, fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in business acquisitions, amounts recorded as accrued liabilities, and impairment testing of goodwill and intangible assets.

The Company applied judgment in determining the functional currency of the Company and its subsidiaries, determination of cash generating units (“CGUs”), the degree of componentization of property, plant and equipment, and the recognition of provisions and accrued liabilities.

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5. SEASONALITY OF OPERATIONS

With the exception of the third quarter, the Company exhibits comparatively less seasonality in quarterly revenue than in the past. The third quarter (November to January) is normally the Company's weakest quarter due to the shutdown of mining and exploration activities, often for extended periods over the holiday season, particularly in South and Central America.

6. PROPERTY PLANT & EQUIPMENT

Capital expenditures were \$23,401 for the quarter ended July 31, 2012 compared to \$21,410 for the same period last year. During the quarter, the Company added 24 drill rigs through its capital expenditure program while retiring or disposing of 10 drill rigs through its modernization program.

7. INCOME TAXES

The income tax expense for the period can be reconciled to accounting profit as follows:

	<u>2013 Q1</u>	<u>2012 Q1</u>
Earnings before income tax	\$ 46,145	\$ 26,255
Statutory Canadian corporate income tax rate	29%	29%
Expected income tax expense based on statutory rate	\$ 13,382	\$ 7,614
Non-recognition of tax benefits related to losses	315	48
Other foreign taxes paid	355	51
Rate variances in foreign jurisdictions	119	(298)
Other	99	948
	<u>\$ 14,270</u>	<u>\$ 8,363</u>

The Company periodically assesses its liabilities and contingencies for all tax years open to audit based upon the latest information available. For those matters where it is probable that an adjustment will be made, the Company recorded its best estimate of these tax liabilities, including related interest charges. Inherent uncertainties exist in estimates of tax contingencies due to changes in tax laws. While management believes they have adequately provided for the probable outcome of these matters, future results may include favorable or unfavorable adjustments to these estimated tax liabilities in the period the assessments are made, or resolved, or when the statute of limitation lapses.

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8. EARNINGS PER SHARE

All of the Company's earnings are attributable to common shares therefore net earnings are used in determining earnings per share.

	<u>2013 Q1</u>	<u>2012 Q1</u>
Net earnings for the period	\$ 31,875	\$ 17,892
Weighted average shares outstanding – basic (000's)	79,147	72,040
Net effect of dilutive securities:		
Stock options (000's)	637	881
Weighted average number of shares – diluted (000's)	79,784	72,921
Earnings per share:		
Basic	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.25
Diluted	\$ 0.40	\$ 0.25

There were no anti-dilutive options for the three months ended July 31, 2012. The calculation of the diluted earnings per share for the period ended July 31, 2011 exclude the effect of 75,271 options as they were anti-dilutive.

The total number of shares outstanding on July 31, 2012 was 79,147,378.

9. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Company's operations are divided into three geographic segments corresponding to its management structure, Canada - U.S., South and Central America, and Australia, Asia and Africa. The services provided in each of the reportable drilling segments are similar. The accounting policies of the segments are the same as those described in the annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2012. Management evaluates performance based on earnings from operations in these three geographic segments before finance costs and income taxes. Data relating to each of the Company's reportable segments is presented as follows:

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9. SEGMENTED INFORMATION (Continued)

	<u>2013 Q1</u>	<u>2012 Q1</u>
Revenue		
Canada – U.S.	\$ 112,837	\$ 61,438
South and Central America	69,413	51,292
Australia, Asia and Africa	55,315	51,422
	<u>\$ 237,565</u>	<u>\$ 164,152</u>
Earnings from operations		
Canada – U.S.	\$ 25,471	\$ 9,986
South and Central America	16,751	10,599
Australia, Asia and Africa	9,021	11,058
	<u>51,243</u>	<u>31,643</u>
Eliminations	521	(25)
	<u>51,764</u>	<u>31,618</u>
Finance costs	738	822
General and corporate expenses*	4,881	4,541
Income tax	14,270	8,363
Net earnings	<u>\$ 31,875</u>	<u>\$ 17,892</u>

*General and corporate expenses include expenses for corporate offices and stock options

Depreciation and amortization		
Canada – U.S.	\$ 5,480	\$ 3,341
South and Central America	3,212	2,271
Australia, Asia and Africa	4,027	2,664
Unallocated corporate assets	468	304
Total depreciation and amortization	<u>\$ 13,187</u>	<u>\$ 8,580</u>

	<u>July 31, 2012</u>	<u>April 30, 2012</u>
Identifiable assets		
Canada – U.S.	\$ 276,970	\$ 252,233
South and Central America	220,792	212,861
Australia, Asia and Africa	195,951	186,442
	<u>693,713</u>	<u>651,536</u>
Eliminations	(771)	(573)
Unallocated and corporate assets	18,807	35,010
	<u>\$ 711,749</u>	<u>\$ 685,973</u>

Canada – U.S. includes revenue for the period ended July 31, 2012 of \$67,025 (July 31, 2011 - \$33,225) for Canadian operations and property, plant and equipment at July 31, 2012 of \$88,034 (April 30, 2012 - \$87,629).

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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

There are no significant changes to financial instruments compared to the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2012 except for the following:

Fair value

The carrying values of cash, trade and other receivables, demand credit facility and trade and other payables approximate their fair value due to the relatively short period to maturity of the instruments. The following table shows carrying values of long-term debt and contingent consideration and approximates their fair value, as most debts carry variable interest rates and the remaining fixed rate debts have been acquired recently and their carrying value continues to reflect fair value. The fair value of the interest rate swap included in long-term debt is measured using quoted interest rates.

	<u>July 31, 2012</u>	<u>April 30, 2012</u>
Contingent consideration	\$ 2,159	\$ 2,760
Long-term debt	49,565	50,986

Credit risk

As at July 31, 2012, 80.5% of the Company's trade receivables were aged as current and 1.5% of the trade receivables were impaired.

The movement in the allowance for impairment of trade receivables during the period was as follows:

Balance as at April 30, 2012	\$ 2,236
Increase in impairment allowance	38
Foreign exchange translation differences	25
Balance as at July 31, 2012	<u>\$ 2,299</u>

Foreign currency risk

The most significant carrying amounts of net monetary assets that: (1) are denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the respective Company subsidiary; (2) cause foreign exchange rate exposure; and (3) may include intercompany balances with other subsidiaries, at the reporting dates are as follows:

	<u>July 31, 2012</u>	<u>April 30, 2012</u>
U.S. Dollars	\$ 14,688	\$ 45,555

If the Canadian dollar moved by plus or minus 10% at July 31, 2012, the unrealized foreign exchange gain or loss would move by approximately \$1,469 (April 30, 2012 – \$4,556).

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10. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Liquidity risk

The following table details the Company's contractual maturities for its financial liabilities.

Non-derivative financial liabilities:

	<u>1 year</u>	<u>2-3 years</u>	<u>4-5 years</u>	<u>thereafter</u>	<u>Total</u>
Trade and other payables	\$ 95,096	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 95,096
Contingent consideration	753	1,255	151	-	2,159
Long-term debt	8,659	17,679	19,121	4,083	49,542
	<u>\$104,508</u>	<u>\$ 18,934</u>	<u>\$ 19,272</u>	<u>\$ 4,083</u>	<u>\$146,797</u>

Derivative financial liabilities:

	<u>1 year</u>	<u>2-3 years</u>	<u>4-5 years</u>	<u>thereafter</u>	<u>Total</u>
Interest rate swap	\$ 16	\$ 12	\$ (5)	\$ -	\$ 23