

Major Drilling Group International Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Operations
(in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share information)
(unaudited)

	Twelve months ended April 30		Three months ended April 30	
	2009	2008	2009	2008
TOTAL REVENUE	\$ 522,986	\$ 590,309	\$ 66,400	\$ 169,995
DIRECT COSTS	347,352	394,868	48,594	110,575
GROSS PROFIT	175,634	195,441	17,806	59,420
OPERATING EXPENSES				
General and administrative	46,866	44,813	9,394	12,719
Other expenses	12,508	13,606	1,769	3,182
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	1,441	2,142	487	(12)
Interest expense (revenue)	224	(153)	4	225
Interest expense on long-term debt	1,833	2,403	418	481
Amortization	32,235	26,962	8,019	7,451
Restructuring charge (note 5)	9,043	-	2,124	-
Goodwill and intangible assets impairment (note 6)	732	-	-	-
	104,882	89,773	22,215	24,046
EARNINGS (LOSS) BEFORE INCOME TAX AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	70,752	105,668	(4,409)	35,374
INCOME TAX - PROVISION (RECOVERY)				
Current	23,489	27,315	812	8,047
Future	1,328	3,758	(620)	2,041
	24,817	31,073	192	10,088
EARNINGS (LOSS) FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	45,935	74,595	(4,601)	25,286
(LOSS) GAIN FROM DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	-	(500)	-	75
NET EARNINGS (LOSS)	\$ 45,935	\$ 74,095	\$ (4,601)	\$ 25,361
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS				
Basic *	\$ 1.94	\$ 3.16	\$ (0.19)	\$ 1.07
Diluted **	\$ 1.92	\$ 3.12	\$ (0.19)	\$ 1.05
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE				
Basic *	\$ 1.94	\$ 3.14	\$ (0.19)	\$ 1.07
Diluted **	\$ 1.92	\$ 3.10	\$ (0.19)	\$ 1.05

*Based on 23,710,649 and 23,576,973 daily weighted average shares outstanding for the fiscal year to date 2009 and 2008, respectively and on 23,715,343 and 23,684,754 daily weighted average shares for the quarter ended April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively. The total number of shares outstanding on April 30, 2009 was 23,716,073.

**Based on 23,917,678 and 23,899,983 daily weighted average shares outstanding for the fiscal year to date 2009 and 2008, respectively and on 23,820,756 and 24,061,576 daily weighted average shares outstanding for the quarter ended April 30, 2009 and 2008, respectively.

Major Drilling Group International Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Earnings
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)
(unaudited)

	Twelve months ended April 30		Three months ended April 30	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
NET EARNINGS (LOSS)	\$ 45,935	\$ 74,095	\$ (4,601)	\$ 25,361
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (LOSS)				
Unrealized gains (losses) on translating financial statements of self-sustaining foreign operations	<u>39,473</u>	<u>(14,169)</u>	<u>997</u>	<u>5,260</u>
COMPREHENSIVE EARNINGS (LOSS)	<u>\$ 85,408</u>	<u>\$ 59,926</u>	<u>\$ (3,604)</u>	<u>\$ 30,621</u>

Consolidated Statements of Retained Earnings
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Twelve months ended April 30	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
RETAINED EARNINGS, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	\$ 182,533	\$ 108,438
Net earnings	45,935	74,095
Dividends	<u>(9,485)</u>	<u>-</u>
RETAINED EARNINGS, END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ 218,983</u>	<u>\$ 182,533</u>

**Consolidated Statements of Accumulated Other
Comprehensive Loss**
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

	Twelve months ended April 30	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, BEGINNING OF THE YEAR	\$ (44,552)	\$ (30,383)
Unrealized gains (losses) on translating financial statements of self-sustaining foreign operations	<u>39,473</u>	<u>(14,169)</u>
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE LOSS, END OF THE YEAR	<u>\$ (5,079)</u>	<u>\$ (44,552)</u>

Major Drilling Group International Inc.
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)
(unaudited)

	Twelve months ended April 30		Three months ended April 30	
	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 45,935	\$ 74,595	\$ (4,601)	\$ 25,286
Operating items not involving cash				
Amortization	32,235	26,962	8,019	7,451
Restructuring charge (note 5)	5,194	-	-	-
Loss (gain) on disposal of capital assets	832	1,218	(129)	(50)
Future income tax (recovery)	1,328	3,758	(620)	2,041
Stock-based compensation	1,424	2,556	151	601
Goodwill and intangible assets impairment (note 6)	732	-	-	-
	<u>87,680</u>	<u>109,089</u>	<u>2,820</u>	<u>35,329</u>
Changes in non-cash operating working capital items	<u>28,944</u>	<u>(28,483)</u>	<u>(2,208)</u>	<u>(11,726)</u>
	<u>116,624</u>	<u>80,606</u>	<u>612</u>	<u>23,603</u>
(Loss) gain from discontinued operations, adjusted for non-cash items	-	(614)	-	75
Changes in non-cash operating working capital items from discontinued operations	<u>(1,898)</u>	<u>(917)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(114)</u>
Cash flow from operating activities	<u>114,726</u>	<u>79,075</u>	<u>612</u>	<u>23,564</u>
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Repayment of long-term debt	(14,457)	(14,080)	(5,363)	(3,164)
Additional long-term debt	10,000	20,000	-	10,000
(Repayment of) increase in demand loans	(2,179)	2,179	-	(6,310)
Issuance of common shares	94	4,437	66	608
Issuance of dividend	(4,742)	-	-	-
Discontinued operations	-	(3,061)	-	3
Cash flow (used in) from financing activities	<u>(11,284)</u>	<u>9,475</u>	<u>(5,297)</u>	<u>1,137</u>
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Business acquisitions, net of cash acquired (note 7)	(21,867)	(27,925)	-	(496)
Acquisition of capital assets, net of direct financing	(54,698)	(68,101)	(6,410)	(22,700)
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	4,800	3,647	1,760	1,137
Cash flow used in investing activities	<u>(71,765)</u>	<u>(92,379)</u>	<u>(4,650)</u>	<u>(22,059)</u>
OTHER ACTIVITIES				
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	<u>5,663</u>	<u>(498)</u>	<u>611</u>	<u>(200)</u>
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH	37,340	(4,327)	(8,724)	2,442
CASH POSITION, BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD	<u>20,695</u>	<u>25,022</u>	<u>66,759</u>	<u>18,253</u>
CASH POSITION, END OF THE PERIOD	<u>\$ 58,035</u>	<u>\$ 20,695</u>	<u>\$ 58,035</u>	<u>\$ 20,695</u>

Major Drilling Group International Inc.
Consolidated Balance Sheets

As at April 30, 2009 and April 30, 2008

(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

ASSETS

	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash	\$ 58,035	\$ 20,695
Accounts receivable	52,538	103,555
Income tax receivable	6,014	3,218
Inventories	72,764	75,094
Prepaid expenses	3,478	6,280
Future income tax assets	2,644	3,948
	<u>195,473</u>	<u>212,790</u>
CAPITAL ASSETS	240,224	199,007
FUTURE INCOME TAX ASSETS	1,403	334
GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS (note 9)	32,072	14,837
	<u>\$ 469,172</u>	<u>\$ 426,968</u>

LIABILITIES

CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Demand loan	\$ -	\$ 2,179
Accounts payable and accrued charges	47,691	73,870
Income tax payable	1,719	10,541
Current portion of long-term debt	15,049	11,798
Future income tax liabilities	1,071	1,177
Liabilities of discontinued operations	-	2,028
	<u>65,530</u>	<u>101,593</u>
LONG-TERM DEBT	23,507	28,317
FUTURE INCOME TAX LIABILITIES	14,789	9,152
	<u>103,826</u>	<u>139,062</u>
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital	142,233	142,140
Contributed surplus	9,209	7,785
Retained earnings	218,983	182,533
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(5,079)	(44,552)
	<u>365,346</u>	<u>287,906</u>
	<u>\$ 469,172</u>	<u>\$ 426,968</u>

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED APRIL 30, 2009 AND 2008
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

These interim consolidated financial statements were prepared using accounting policies and methods consistent with those used in the preparation of the Company's audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended April 30, 2008, except for the adoption of new accounting policies as disclosed in Note 2 below. These interim consolidated financial statements conform in all respects to the requirements of Canadian generally accepted accounting principles for annual financial statements, with the exception of certain note disclosures. As a result, these interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's audited consolidated financial statements and notes for the year ended April 30, 2008 contained in the Company's 2008 annual report.

2. CHANGES IN ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Effective May 1, 2008, the Company adopted the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants ("CICA") Handbook Section 3031, Inventories, replacing Section 3030, Inventories, Section 3862, Financial Instruments – Disclosures, Section 3863, Financial Instruments – Presentation, and Section 1535, Capital Disclosures.

Section 3031, Inventories, provides more guidance on the determination of the cost of inventory and the subsequent recognition of inventory as an expense, as well as requiring additional associated disclosures. The new standard also allows for the reversal of any write downs previously recognized. The adoption of this policy had no material effect on the Company's consolidated financial statements. (see Note 8 – Inventory)

Section 3862 on financial instruments disclosures requires the disclosure of information about: a) the significance of financial instruments for the entity's financial position and performance and b) the nature and extent of risks arising from financial instruments to which the entity is exposed during the period and at the balance sheet date, and how the entity manages those risks. Section 3863 on the presentation of financial instruments is unchanged from the presentation requirements included in Section 3861. Section 1535 on capital disclosures requires the disclosure of information about an entity's objectives, policies and processes for managing capital. As the standards relate only to disclosure requirements, they have had no effect on financial results. (see Note 10 – Capital Management and Note 11 – Financial Instruments)

3. FUTURE ACCOUNTING CHANGES

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

In February 2008, the CICA issued Section 3064, Goodwill and Intangible Assets, replacing Section 3062, Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets and Section 3450, Research and Development Costs. Various changes have been made to other sections of the CICA Handbook for consistency purposes. The new Sections will be applicable to financial statements relating to fiscal years beginning on or after October 1, 2008. Accordingly, the Company will adopt the new standards for its fiscal year

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED APRIL 30, 2009 AND 2008
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

3. FUTURE ACCOUNTING CHANGES (Continued)

beginning May 1, 2009. Section 3064 establishes standards for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of goodwill subsequent to its initial recognition and of intangible assets by profit-oriented enterprises. Standards concerning goodwill are unchanged from the standards included in the previous Section 3062. The Company is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of this new Section on its consolidated financial statements.

International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”)

In February 2008, the Accounting Standards Board (“AcSB”) confirmed that the use of IFRS will be required in 2011 for publicly accountable enterprises in Canada. In April 2008, the AcSB issued an IFRS Omnibus Exposure draft proposing that publicly accountable enterprises be required to apply IFRS, in full and without modification, on January 1, 2011 for companies with a calendar year end, therefore the transition date for the Company is May 1, 2011. This will require the restatement, for comparative purposes, of amounts reported by the Company for its year ended April 30, 2011, and of the opening balance sheet as at May 1, 2010. The Company is currently in the process of developing a conversion implementation plan and assessing the impacts of the conversion on the consolidated financial statements and disclosures of the Company.

4. SEASONALITY OF OPERATIONS

The Company’s operations tended to exhibit a seasonal pattern whereby its fourth quarter (February to April) was its strongest. With the exception of the third quarter, the Company has, over the past several years, exhibited comparatively less seasonality in quarterly revenue. The third quarter (November to January) is normally the Company’s weakest quarter due to the shutdown of mining and exploration activities, often for extended periods, over the holiday season, particularly in South and Central America. With the current economic and industry downturn ongoing, it is not yet clear whether or not the Company’s revenue will return to more historical seasonal patterns, or whether a recent lack of seasonality will continue.

5. RESTRUCTURING CHARGE

During the third quarter of 2009, the Company initiated a restructuring plan to standardize the drilling equipment fleet and reduce operating costs by rationalizing the workforce and business locations. These initiatives generated a total restructuring charge of \$9,043 and \$2,124 for the twelve and three months ending April 30, 2009 respectively as detailed below.

The current economic environment presented an opportunity to accomplish significant progress in the rationalization of the Company’s drilling equipment fleet, which was initiated a number of years ago. In the third quarter, the Company eliminated 55 drill rigs from its global fleet for a non-cash charge of \$5,194 with the objective of increasing the focus on hydraulic drill rigs equipped with the latest safety features.

Employee severance charges of \$1,578 in the third quarter and \$1,508 in the fourth quarter have been incurred to rationalize the workforce and centralize some administrative functions.

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED APRIL 30, 2009 AND 2008
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

5. RESTRUCTURING CHARGE (Continued)

Business relocation charges of \$147 in the third quarter and \$616 in the fourth quarter were incurred for early termination of leases and other related expenses.

On April 30, 2009, accounts payable included \$80 of restructuring charges not paid.

6. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS IMPAIRMENT

In the third quarter, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$732. Of this amount, \$350 relates to the value attributed to the acquired contracts, and recorded as intangible assets, from the Forage à Diamant Benoît Ltée acquisition earlier this fiscal year. This impairment was required as the majority of these contracts have been completed early due to the current economic conditions. Goodwill of \$382 from the Longstaff Group of Companies, purchased in 2007, has also been impaired due to the economic downturn and the inability of this region to generate the expected revenue.

7. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS

Effective August 1, 2008 the Company acquired the assets of the exploration drilling company Forage à Diamant Benoît Ltée (“Benoît”) based in Val-d’Or, Québec. Through this purchase, Major Drilling acquired 19 drill rigs, support equipment and inventory, existing contracts and personnel. The purchase price for the transaction was \$23,117, including customary working capital adjustments, financed by cash and debt.

The net assets acquired at fair market value at acquisition are as follows:

Assets acquired and liabilities assumed	
Accounts receivable	\$ 5,055
Prepaid expenses	241
Inventories	533
Capital assets	7,489
Intangible assets	2,350
Goodwill	13,223
Accounts payable	(884)
Income tax payable	(2,842)
Future income tax liability	(2,048)
Net assets	<u>\$ 23,117</u>

Consideration	
Cash	\$ 21,867
Accounts payable	500
Long-term debt	750
	<u>\$ 23,117</u>

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED APRIL 30, 2009 AND 2008
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

7. BUSINESS ACQUISITIONS (Continued)

Effective October 25, 2007 the Company acquired the assets of the exploration drilling company Paragon del Ecuador S.A. (“Paragon”) in Ecuador. Through this purchase, Major Drilling acquired 7 drill rigs, support equipment and inventory, existing contracts and personnel. The purchase price for the transaction was US\$5,999 (C\$5,805), subject to various holdbacks, financed by cash and debt.

Net assets acquired at fair market value at acquisition are as follows:

Assets acquired	
Inventories	\$ 586
Capital assets	2,023
Goodwill	3,196
Net assets	<u>\$ 5,805</u>

Consideration	
Cash	\$ 3,871
Long-term debt	1,934
	<u>\$ 5,805</u>

Effective September 1, 2007 the Company acquired the exploration drilling company Harris y Cia Ltda. (“Harris”) in Chile. Through this purchase, Major Drilling acquired 11 drill rigs, support equipment, inventory, an office and repair facilities. As part of this acquisition, the Company also acquired Harris’ existing contracts and retained key management personnel, as well as the other employees, including a number of experienced drillers. The purchase price for the transaction was US\$23,934 (C\$25,203), including customary working capital adjustments, financed with cash.

Net assets acquired at fair market value at acquisition are as follows:

Assets & liabilities acquired	
Cash	\$ 1,149
Accounts receivable	631
Inventories	1,060
Capital assets	9,621
Future income tax assets	2,328
Goodwill	11,570
Accounts payable	(1,156)
Net assets	<u>\$ 25,203</u>

Consideration	
Cash	<u>\$ 25,203</u>

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED APRIL 30, 2009 AND 2008
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

8. INVENTORY

The cost of inventory recognized as an expense and included in direct cost for the twelve and three months ended April 30, 2009 was \$81,590 and \$11,027 respectively. During the period, there were no significant write downs of inventory as a result of net realizable value being lower than cost and no inventory write downs recognized in previous periods were reversed.

The Company's credit facility related to operations is in part secured by a general assignment of the Company's inventory.

9. GOODWILL AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

	<u>April 2009</u>	<u>April 2008</u>
Goodwill	\$ 30,470	\$ 14,837
Intangible assets	<u>1,602</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 32,072</u>	<u>\$ 14,837</u>

Intangible assets include the carrying value of customer relationships and a non-compete agreement, which are amortized on a straight-line basis over four and three years respectively.

Changes in the goodwill and intangible assets balance were as follows for the twelve and three months ending April 30, 2009:

	<u>2009 YTD</u>	<u>2009 Q4</u>
Balance at beginning of the period	\$ 14,837	\$ 32,087
Goodwill acquired	13,223	642
Intangible assets acquired	2,350	-
Amortization of intangible assets	(398)	(368)
Goodwill and intangible assets impairment	(732)	-
Effect of foreign currency exchange rate changes	<u>2,792</u>	<u>(289)</u>
	<u>\$ 32,072</u>	<u>\$ 32,072</u>

10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company includes shareholders' equity (excluding accumulated other comprehensive loss), long-term borrowings and demand loan net of cash in the definition of capital.

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED APRIL 30, 2009 AND 2008
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

10. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT (Continued)

Total managed capital was as follows:

	<u>April 2009</u>	<u>April 2008</u>
Demand loan	\$ -	\$ 2,179
Long-term debt	38,556	40,115
Share capital	142,233	142,140
Contributed surplus	9,209	7,785
Retained earnings	218,983	182,533
Cash	<u>(58,035)</u>	<u>(20,695)</u>
	<u>\$ 350,946</u>	<u>\$ 354,057</u>

The Company's objective when managing its capital structure is to maintain financial flexibility in order to: i) preserve access to capital markets; ii) meet financial obligations and iii) finance internally generated growth and potential new acquisitions. To manage its capital structure, the Company may adjust spending, issue new shares, issue new debt or repay existing debt.

Under the terms of certain of the Company's debt agreements, the Company must satisfy certain financial covenants. Such agreements also limit, among other things, the Company's ability to incur additional indebtedness, create liens, engage in mergers or acquisitions and make dividend and other payments. During the period, the Company was, and continues to be, in compliance with all covenants and other conditions imposed by its debt agreements.

The Company's banking facilities have been renewed in November 2008 with no material changes in the borrowing conditions of the facilities.

In order to facilitate the management of its capital requirements, the Company prepares annual budgets that are updated as necessary, dependent on various factors.

The Company's objectives with regards to capital management remain unchanged from 2008.

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value

The carrying values of cash, accounts receivable, demand loan and accounts payable and accrued charges approximate their fair value due to the relatively short period to maturity of the instruments. Long-term debt has a carrying value of \$38,556 as at April 30, 2009 (April 30, 2008 - \$40,115) and also approximates its fair market value.

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED APRIL 30, 2009 AND 2008
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Risk management

The Company is exposed to various risks related to its financial assets and liabilities. There have been no substantive changes in the Company's exposure to financial instrument risks, its objectives, policies and processes for managing those risks, or the methods used to measure them, from previous periods, unless otherwise stated in this note.

Credit risk

The Company is exposed to credit risk from its accounts receivable. The Company has adopted a policy of dealing only with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. It carries out, on a continuing basis, credit checks on its customers and maintains provisions for contingent credit losses. The Company also diversifies its credit risk by dealing with a large number of customers in various countries. Demand for the Company's drilling services depends upon the level of mineral exploration and development activities conducted by mining companies, particularly with respect to gold, nickel and copper. The Company's five largest customers account for 32% (23% in 2008) of total quarterly revenue, with no one customer representing more than 10% of its revenue for 2009 or 2008.

The carrying amounts for accounts receivable are net of allowances for doubtful accounts, which are estimated based on aging analysis of receivables, past experience, specific risks associated with the customer and other relevant information. The maximum exposure to credit risk is the carrying value of the financial assets.

As at April 30, 2009, 74.8% of the Company's trade receivables are aged as current (under 30 days) and 4.4% of the trade receivables are impaired.

Credit risk also arises from cash and cash equivalents and deposits with banks and financial institutions. This risk is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

The Company does not enter into derivatives to manage credit risk.

Interest rate risk

The demand loan and long-term debt of the Company bears a floating rate of interest, which exposes the Company to interest rate fluctuations.

As at April 30, 2009 the Company has estimated that a one percentage point increase in interest rates would have caused a quarterly decrease in net income of approximately \$70 and a 1% decrease in interest rates would have caused a quarterly increase in net income of \$70.

Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk arises as the Company has operations located internationally where local operational currency is not the same as the functional currency of the Company.

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NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED APRIL 30, 2009 AND 2008
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11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

A significant portion of the Company's operations are located outside of Canada. The accounting impact of foreign currency exposure is minimized since the operations are classified as self-sustaining operations. In certain developing countries, the Company mitigates its risk of large exchange rate fluctuations by conducting business primarily in U.S. dollars. U.S. dollar revenue exposure is partially mitigated by offsetting U.S. dollar labour and material expenses. Monetary assets denominated in foreign currencies are exposed to foreign currency fluctuations.

Based on the Company's foreign currency net monetary exposures as at April 30, 2009, and assuming that all other variables remain constant, a 10% rise or fall in the Canadian dollar against the other foreign currencies would have resulted in increases (decreases) in the net earnings and comprehensive earnings as follows:

	<u>Increase (decrease) in net earnings</u>	
	<u>Canadian dollar</u>	<u>Canadian dollar</u>
	<u>appreciates 10%</u>	<u>depreciates 10%</u>
Chilean Peso	\$ (278)	\$ 278
Indonesian Rupiah	(222)	222
Mexican Peso	75	(75)
US Dollar	308	(308)

	<u>Increase (decrease) in</u>	
	<u>comprehensive earnings</u>	
	<u>Canadian dollar</u>	<u>Canadian dollar</u>
	<u>appreciates 10%</u>	<u>depreciates 10%</u>
Australian Dollar	\$ (3,353)	\$ 3,353
US Dollar	(22,363)	22,363

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's management of working capital, the finance charges and principal repayments on its debt instruments. The risk is that the Company would not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due.

The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

MAJOR DRILLING GROUP INTERNATIONAL INC.
NOTES TO INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)
FOR THE PERIODS ENDED APRIL 30, 2009 AND 2008
(in thousands of Canadian dollars)

11. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (Continued)

Total financial liabilities, by due date, as at April 30, 2009 are as follows:

	<u>Total</u>	<u>1 year</u>	<u>2-3 years</u>	<u>4-5 years</u>	<u>5+ years</u>
Accounts payable & accrued charges	\$ 47,691	\$ 47,691	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Long-term debt	<u>38,556</u>	<u>15,049</u>	<u>15,609</u>	<u>7,898</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 86,247</u>	<u>\$ 62,740</u>	<u>\$ 15,609</u>	<u>\$ 7,898</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

12. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

	<u>2009 YTD</u>	<u>2008 YTD</u>	<u>2009 Q4</u>	<u>2008 Q4</u>
Revenue				
Canada - U.S.	\$ 167,243	\$ 189,018	\$ 19,596	\$ 52,542
South and Central America	<u>155,182</u>	<u>186,491</u>	<u>22,063</u>	<u>60,398</u>
Australia, Asia and Africa	<u>200,561</u>	<u>214,800</u>	<u>24,741</u>	<u>57,055</u>
	<u>\$ 522,986</u>	<u>\$ 590,309</u>	<u>\$ 66,400</u>	<u>\$ 169,995</u>
Earnings (loss) from operations				
Canada - U.S.	\$ 38,186	\$ 37,818	\$ 46	\$ 12,537
South and Central America	<u>36,568</u>	<u>54,147</u>	<u>3,977</u>	<u>20,830</u>
Australia, Asia and Africa	<u>23,073</u>	<u>33,482</u>	<u>(4,489)</u>	<u>5,522</u>
	<u>97,827</u>	<u>125,447</u>	<u>(466)</u>	<u>38,889</u>
Eliminations	<u>(1,184)</u>	<u>(1,129)</u>	<u>(268)</u>	<u>(296)</u>
	<u>96,643</u>	<u>124,318</u>	<u>(734)</u>	<u>38,593</u>
Interest expense, net	<u>2,057</u>	<u>2,250</u>	<u>422</u>	<u>706</u>
General corporate expenses	<u>14,059</u>	<u>16,400</u>	<u>1,129</u>	<u>2,513</u>
Restructuring charge	<u>9,043</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,124</u>	<u>-</u>
Goodwill and intangible assets impairment	<u>732</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Income tax	<u>24,817</u>	<u>31,073</u>	<u>192</u>	<u>10,088</u>
Earnings (loss) from continuing operations	<u>45,935</u>	<u>74,595</u>	<u>(4,601)</u>	<u>25,286</u>
(Loss) gain from discontinued operations	<u>-</u>	<u>(500)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>75</u>
Net earnings (loss)	<u>\$ 45,935</u>	<u>\$ 74,095</u>	<u>\$ (4,601)</u>	<u>\$ 25,361</u>

Goodwill and intangible assets impairment includes \$382 of goodwill impairment relating to the Australia, Asia and Africa segment and \$350 of intangible assets impairment relating to the Canada – U.S. segment (see Note 6 - Goodwill and Intangible Assets Impairment).